

Miscellaneous Information

The help on this tutorial from Harvey S. Frey MD PhD Esq. Is appreciated.

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File Formats Are Different In OpenOffice 2.0

- 1. The new OpenOffice 2.0 version has different file formats than the older OpenOffice 1.x.x versions. The 2.0 version can open, use, and save the older 1.x.x files. When you use the 2.0 version, all the older 1.x.x files are available and fully usable.
- 2. The older OpenOffice 1.x.x versions cannot use the new 2.0 files. After you have installed 2.0 and tried it to verify that the installation was successful, you can delete the older versions of OpenOffice to reclaim some space on your computer.
- To delete an older version of OpenOffice, click Start > Control Panel. Double-click on the "Install or remove programs and Window components" icon > Remove. This will not remove any of the OpenOffice files that you have created such as Writer or Calc files.

Convert An OpenOffice 1.1.x .sxw Text File To A 2.0 .odt Text File

After conversion, both the 1.1.x (.sxw) text file and the 2.0 (.odt) text file will be on the computer. To convert, do the following two steps.

Step 1: Open the 1.1.x file from within a 2.0 file

- 1. Be in the 2.0 version. **Start** > **All Programs** > **OpenOffice 1.1.x** > **OpenOffice.org Writer**) (The file, Untitled1 OpenOffice.org Writer, appears on the screen.
- 2. Click **File > Open**. Search to find the 1.1.x file and then click on that file. Click the **Open** button. (The name of the file will appear in the "File name:" box. The file appears on the screen in the 2.0 format. The file name, on the top blue line, will start with the 2.0 icon, followed by the file name, followed by the .sxw extension, followed by OpenOffice.org Writer. Note: The .sxw extension is misleading since the .sxw is from the older 1.1.x file that opens in 2.0 as a 2.0 file.)

Step 2: Save in the 2.0 format

- 1. Click **File > Save As**. (The "Save As" window appears.)
- 2. In the **Save as type:** box, select **OpenDocument text (.odt).** (Scroll up to find the "OpenDocument Text.odt".)
- 3. In the **Save in:** box, select the desired folder. Click the **Save** button. (The file is saved in the 2.0 format and the file appears on the screen in the 2.0 format.)

NOTE: The same name may be used for the 1.1.x file and the 2.0 file. The extension associated with the files will indicate which file is a 1.1.x file and which file is a 2.0 file.

NOTE: In Step 1: the file opens in the 2.0 format. The 1.1.x file that was opened is still on the computer as a 1.1.x file. In Step 2: the 2.0 file is saved as a 2.0 file.

NOTE: If there are graphics in the file and the 2.0 file is opened, the graphics will be seen. If

there are graphics in the file and the 1.1.x file is opened, the graphics will be NOT be seen.

Save A 2.0 file in the 1.1.x file format

Do the following to save a 2.0 file into a 1.1.x format:

- 1. Click **File > Save As.** (The "Save As "window appears.)
- 2. In the **Save as type:** box, select **OpenOffice 1.0 text document (.sxw)**. In the **Save in:** box, select a folder of your choice. Click the "**Save**" button. (The file is saved in the 1.1.x format and the 2.0 file is still on the screen.)

Spellcheck

The "Standard " installation of 2.0 sets Spellcheck as the default setting . The country where the downloading server is located determines which dictionary is used. The United States servers will make the USA dictionary the default. The United Kingdom servers will make the UK dictionary the default.

Words that are misspelled will have a wavy red line under them. **IF** a word is spelled correctly **AND** has the red wavy line under it, the dictionary can be modified to remove the red line under the correctly spelled word. From then on, that word will not have the red wavy line under it.

Add Correctly Spell Words To The Dictionary

- 1. **Right-click** on a **correctly spelled word** that has a red wavy line under it.. (A menu appears.)
- 2. Click **Add > standard.dic.** (The wavy red line is gone.)

Misspelled words can be corrected by doing the following:

- 1. **Right-click** on the misspelled word. (A menu appears.)
- 2. In the top half of the menu, click on the correctly spelled word. (The menu closes and the spelling of the word has been corrected.)

The **complete document or a highlighted section** can be checked for spelling errors by clicking the Spellcheck, , icon on the Menu Toolbar.

Thesaurus (Synonyms)

- 1. To find a synonym for a word, click on that word.
- 2. Click **Tools > Language > Thesaurus**. (The "Thesaurus" window appears. The English (USA) version or some other version, depending on the country you selected for the server when you originally downloaded OpenOffice, will be in the window,)
- 3. In the "Meaning" pull-down menu, select a meaning. In the Synonym box, select a word. Click the OK button.

WordPerfect

WordPerfect files can be opened by the 2.0 version. The files could not be opened by previous versions of OpenOffice.

Microsoft Office (Save/Open/Convert MS Documents)

Files in Microsoft Office format can be opened with OpenOffice. The opened file can be modified and saved again in either Microsoft Office format or in OpenOffice format.

- 1. To save files in either format click <u>File</u> > Save <u>As</u> and in the Save as type: menu box, select the format of choice.
- 2. **OpenOffice** can convert all Microsoft Office files into **OpenOffice** format files by using the **Document Converter**.
- 3. Click <u>File > Wizards > Document Converter</u>. ("Document Converter" window opens.) To convert text documents, under <u>Select the document type for conversion</u>; select <u>Microsoft Office</u> and then select <u>Word documents</u>
- 4. **PowerPoint** and **Excel** documents can also be selected for conversion to OpenOffice format.

Change The Default Setting For Saving Documents

- 1. Click Tools > Options > Load/Save > General.
- 2. Select a type of document in the **Document type** pull-down menu. (In "Writer", you might select "Text document.")
- 3. In the **Always save as** pull-down menu, select the format of your choice. (For a Writer Text Document, you would probably select "OpenOffice Text", not Microsoft Word. Not using "OpenDocument Text (.odt)" as the default format may cause formatting or content to be lost.)

E-Mail In An OpenOffice Document

- 1. Be in the file that is to be attached to the E-Mail.
- 2. Click <u>File > Send > Document as E-mail</u> (or click the <u>Document as E-mail</u> icon on the "Standard Toolbar".) (In your email server, the "Compose: (no subject)" window will appear.)
- 3. **Write** the E-Mail as you usually do. When written, **send** as you usually do. (The file is attached to the E-mail.)

Note: This works only when you have an email client program such as Outlook or Mozilla Thunderbird. If you use webmail such as Yahoo and Hotmail, this will not work. You will get a message: "OpenOffice.org was unable to find a working e-mail configuration. Please save this document locally instead and attach it from within your e-mail client."

Rich Text File Format (RTF)

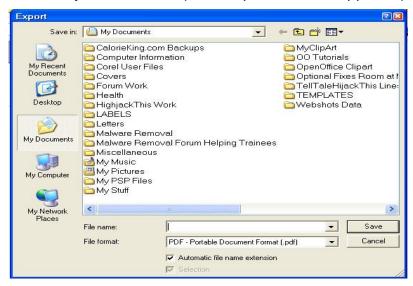
Rich Text formatted files are often called RTF files. RTF files can be opened and used with any word processor, including OpenOffice, WordPad, NotePad, Word, and Star Office. An OpenOffice file can be saved in RTF. The RTF format can be a good way for OpenOffice to exchange text files with users of other operating systems such as Microsoft Word.

PDF File Format

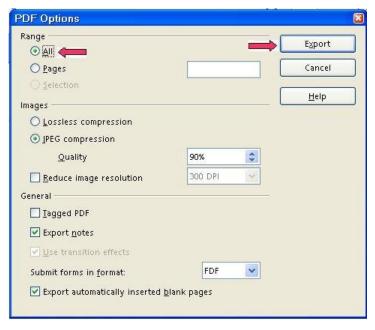
PDF files can be opened by anyone who has the free Adobe add-on. To get the free add-on, go to http://www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep2.html and download.

To save a file in the PDF format

1. Click **File > Export as PDF**. (The "Export" window appears.)



2. In the "Save in:" box, select a folder. In the "File name:" box, enter a name. Click the Save button. (The "PDF Options" window appears.)



- 3. Under **Pages**, select **All** or **Range**. Click the **Export** button. (The file will be saved in the folder selected above in the PDF format. The file was "exported" to your computer).
- 4. PDF files cannot be edited. To get around this limitation, write the file as a regular OpenOffice file and save the file as both an OpenOffice file and a PDF file. Edit the OpenOffice version and save as the PDF file.

Java Run Time Environment (JRE)

- 1. If JRE is not installed, an error message may appear saying that something cannot be done in OpenOffice because JRE is not installed.
- 2. A free download of JRE is available at http://www.java.com/en/download/manual.jsp
- 3. On the the JRE download webpage, click on the operating system you are using.

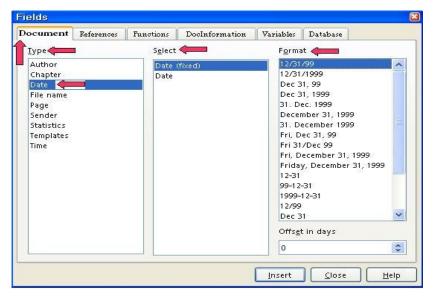
Insert Dates

Today's Date (insert in a document)

- 1. Put your cursor where the date is to be placed.
- 2. Click **Insert > Fields > Date**. (Today's date will be inserted in mm/day/year format.)

Date - selected (insert in a document)

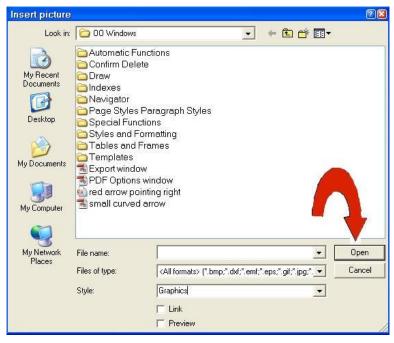
- 1. Put your cursor where the date is to be placed.
- 2. Click **Insert > Fields > Other**. ("Fields" window appears.) **Document** tab is selected.



- 3. Under **Type**, select **Date**.
- 4. Under **Format**, select a format. (For example, if you select December 31, 1999, June 09, 2004 will appear as today's date.)
- 5. Click Insert > Close.

Insert Images

1. Click **Insert** > **Pictures** > **From File**. (The "Insert picture" window will appear.)



2. Select/click an image stored on your computer. Click the **Open** button. (There are small green squares called handles at the edges of the image that indicate the image can be manipulated.)



3. Click anywhere on the page except on the image to anchor the image at the present location.;

Icons (Change Size Of Icons Within OpenOffice)

With OpenOffice open or in an OpenOffice document. Click **Tools** > **Options**. IF there is a + in the box before the words "OpenOffice.org", click on the + . A – (a dash) will appear in the box. Click **View**. In the **Toolbar icon size** box select **Small**, **Large**, or **Automatic**. Click **OK**.

Highlighting (Background Color)

Highlighting changes the color behind a word on the page. One letter, one word, or a selection of words can be highlighted.

- 1. Select the letter, word, or words to be highlighted.
- 2. Long-click on the **Highlighting** icon which is located on the **Formatting Toolbar**. ("Long-click" means to press and hold the mouse key until you get a pull-down menu or window that gives you more options for the function. The "Formatting Toolbar" is the 4th line from the top of the screen. A pull-down menu appears with a color palette.)



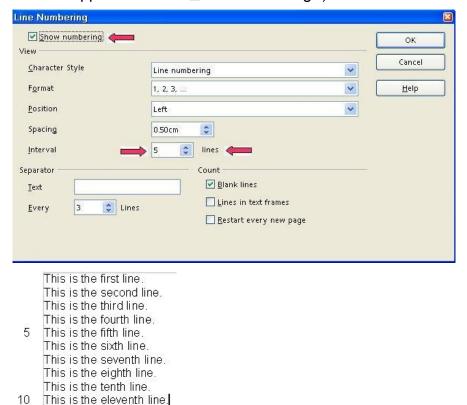
3. Click on the color of your choice.

Line Numbering

Activate Line Numbering For A Page

- 1. Click **Tools** > **Line numbering**. (The "Line Numbering" window appears.)
- 2. Click on the words, **Show Numbering** to put a check mark (if it is not already there).

Under **Interval**, select **5** or the number of your choice. (Select the number by highlighting the number in the "Interval" dialog box and typing the number.) Click **OK**. (A check mark appears before "Show Numbering".)



3. Every 5th (or the number of your choice) line will have the line count in the left margin of the page.

Footer

- 1. Click <u>Insert > Footer > Default</u>. (The Footer appears at the bottom of the page. The cursor is flashing at the left margin of the Footer.)
- 2. **To add data,** click in the **Footer** and move the cursor to where the data will be placed. Click and then add the data of your choice.
- 3. To move the cursor back onto the page itself, click on the page.

Page Numbering and Page Count

- Click in the Footer. Type the word, Page, then press the Space bar. Click Insert > Fields > Page Number. (Page 1" appears in the Footer.)
- Optional additional step: Press the space bar, then type the word of, then press the space bar. Click <u>Insert > Fields > Page Count</u>. (Page 1 of 1" appears in the footer.)
- 3. Click anywhere on the page. (The cursor appears on the page.)

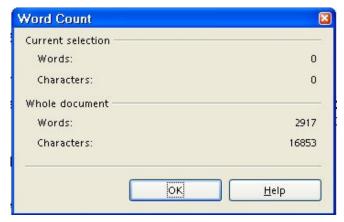
Page Numbering (Page 1 Starts On The Second Page.)

The First Page Does Not Have A Number.

- 1. Click File > New > Text Document.
- 2. Click Format > Styles and Formatting > Page Styles.
- 3. Right-click in the Page Styles window and click New.
- 4. In the Page Style window, click Organizer. Name the new page style Restarting Page Numbers. Click the Footer tab > Footer on > OK.
- 5. Click on the **1**st **Page** of your document. (The page that you do not want to have a page number.)
- 6. Click **Format** > **Paragraph** (The "Paragraph" window appears.)
- 7. Click **Text Flow** tab. Under **Breaks**, select **Insert**. ("Type has "Page " selected in the dialog box. Position has "Before" selected in the dialog box.)
- 8. Under **Breaks**, select **With Page Style**. In the dialog box below **Type**, click on the and select **Restarting Page Numbers**. In the **Page number** dialog box, select **1**. Click **OK**. (A footer appears in the document on the 2nd Page. There is no footer on the 1st Page.)
- 9. Click in the footer, type the word **Page** then press the **Space Bar**. Click **Insert** > **Fields** > **Page Number**. ("Page 1" will appear in the footer on 2nd Page.)
- 4. **Optional additional step:** Press the **space bar**, then type the word **of**, then press the **space bar**. Click **Insert > Fields > Page Count**. (Page 1 of 1" appears in the footer.)

Word Count

Click **Tools** > **Word Count**. (A menu appears with the number of words and characters in "Current selection" or the "Whole document".)



Horizontal Ruler (Change Between Inches Or Centimeters)

Right-click on the ruler. Select inches or centimeters.

Name Of File On Top Blue Title Bar Line

Have a different name appear on the blue Title Bar at the top of the screen.

- 1. Click <u>File > Properties > Description</u> tab.
- 2. Enter a name in the "<u>Title</u>" box then click **OK**. (The name you entered will be on the Title Bar. The name of the file itself will not be changed.)

Tips

When the **Tips** feature is activated and the cursor is placed over an **Icon**, the name of the icon will appear on the screen.

- Click <u>Tools > Options</u>. (The "Options OpenOffice.org User Data" window appears.) If there is a + before the "OpenOffice.org", click on the +. (A menu appears directly below the words "OpenOffice.org.) Click <u>General</u>. (The "Options OpenOffice.org General" window appears.) Do either 2 or 3 below.
- 2. **IF** there is **no check mark** before the word, **Tips**, click on the word, **Tips**, to place a check mark before the word, **Tips**. (The menu closes and the "Tips" feature is activated.)
- 3. **IF** there is **a check mark** before the word "**Tips**", click the **OK** button. (The window closes and the cursor goes back to the document. The "Tips" feature is activated.)

Change The Font Color Of A Word(s)

- 1. **Highlight** the word(s) that you want to change the color. (Click on the first letter of the word(s) The cursor appears just before the word. Hold down the **Shift** key and press the or the for a section until the word(s) have been highlighted.)
- 2. **Long-click** on the **Font Color** icon. (The "Font Color" icon is on the 4th line from the top of the screen. To do a long-click, press and hold the mouse button until you get a pull-down menu or window that gives you more options for the function. A pallet of colors appears in a window.)



3. Click on the **color of your choice**. (The window with the pallet of colors closes. The "Font Color" icon now has the color of your choice under the <u>A.</u>)

4. Quick-click on the Font Color icon. Press the mouse button and quickly release the button. Release the click quickly so it does not become a long-click. (The word(s) are in the color of your choice).

AutoCorrect

In the "AutoCorrect" window, there are several choices to customize "AutoCorrect" for your use.

Capitalize first letter of every sentence is the default setting in the initial installation of OpenOffice. To change this setting, do the following:

<u>Tools</u> > <u>AutoCorrect</u> > <u>Options</u> tab. Add or remove check marks before "Capitalize first letter of every sentence."

Databases

OpenOffice has its own version of basic built. This is not compatible with Visual Basic. Some help may be found in the **Macro's Documentation** section of www.openoffice.org

Note

Tutorials are improved by input from users. We solicit your constructive criticism.

E-mail suggestions and comments to tutorialsforopenoffice@yahoo.com

For other free tutorials go to: www.tutorialsforopenoffice.org

Edited by Sue Barron